Name:

5-a-day ACT prep #15

Solve each problem, show your work, and then choose the correct answer.

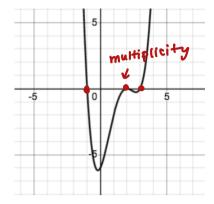
Do not linger over problems that take too much time. Solve as many as you can; then return to the others in the time you have left for this test.

You are permitted to use a calculator on this test. You may use your calculator for any problems you choose, but some of the problems may best be done without using a calculator.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, all of the following should be assumed.

- 1. Illustrative figures are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
- 2. Geometric figures lie in a plane.
- 3. The word *line* indicates a straight line.
- 4. The word average indicates arithmetic mean.

1. The graph of the polynomial functions shown below is tangent to the x-axis at the point (2,0). What must be true about the degree of the function?



- A. The degree < 3
- B. The degree ≤ 3
- C. The degree > 4
- D. The degree ≥ 4
- E. None of these

2. Which of the following expressions is
$$5x^2-3x-2$$
 $5x^2-13x-6$ 0

equivalent to
$$\frac{5x^2-3x-2}{4x^2+4x-3} \div \frac{5x^2-13x-6}{2x^2+13x+15}$$
?

F.
$$\frac{35}{33}$$
 $\frac{(5x+2)(x-1)}{(2x+3)(2x-1)} = \frac{(5x+2)(x-3)}{(2x+3)(x+5)}$

G.
$$\frac{(5x^2-3x-2)(5x^2+6)}{(4x^2+4x-3)(2x^2+15)} \frac{(5x+2)(x-1)}{(2x+3)(2x-1)} \frac{(2x+3)(x+6)}{(2x+3)(2x-1)}$$

H.
$$\frac{x+5}{2(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+4x-5}{3x^2-7x+3}$$
 (2x-1) (X-1) (X-1)

3. What is the sum of the two solutions to the

equation
$$4x^2 - 9 = 5x$$
? -36
 $4x^2 - 9x - 9 = 0$

A. 0
$$11 + 12 - 12 = 0$$

B. $\frac{5}{4}$ $42 + 12 - 12 = 0$

$$\frac{B.}{4} \frac{3}{4} \frac{4x(x+1)-9(x+1)=0}{4}$$

D.
$$\frac{7}{2}$$
 $(4x-9)(x+1)=0$

$$X = \frac{9}{4}$$
 $X = -1$ $\frac{9}{4} - \frac{4}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$

4. Which of the following is equivalent to

$$2x\sqrt{20} + 3\sqrt{45x^2} + x\sqrt{180}?$$

A.
$$19x\sqrt{5}$$

B.
$$6x\sqrt{245}$$

C.
$$3x\sqrt{200} + 3\sqrt{45x^2}$$

D.
$$3 + 3x\sqrt{200 + 45x^2}$$

5. Which of the following expressions is What is
$$4x-2a = 4x-2a = 4x-$$

5. Which of the following expressions is WNOT is the equivalent to
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{2x} = 32^{4x-2}$$
?

$$A = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2^2}\right)^{2x} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{4x-2}$$

$$A = 2 \qquad \left(\frac{1}{2^2}\right)^{1/2} = \left(2^9\right)^{1/2}$$

B.
$$\frac{5}{12}$$

$$(2^{-2})^{2x} = (2^{5})^{4x-2}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{12}$$

$$-2(2x)=5(4x-2)$$

$$-4x = 20x - 10$$

 $-20x - 20x$

$$\frac{-24 \times = -10}{-24} = \frac{-10}{-24}$$

$$X = \frac{10}{24} = \frac{5}{12}$$